

Clarke®



AIR COMPRESSOR

ELECTRIC MOTOR DRIVEN

OPERATING & MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS



Thank you for purchasing this CLARKE Industrial Air Compressor.

Before putting to use, please read this booklet thoroughly to ensure that installation is correctly carried out and the maintenance schedules correctly followed. This, in turn, will ensure the compressor will provide you with long and trouble free service.

Please note that electrically driven machines are designed for indoor use only.

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GUARANTEE

This Clarkeproduct is guaranteed against faulty manufacture for a period of 12 months from the date of purchase. Please keep your receipt as proof of purchase.

This guarantee is invalid if the product is found to have been abused or tampered with in any way, or not used for the purpose for which it was intended.

Faulty goods should be returned to their place of purchase, no product can be returned to us without prior permission.

This guarantee does not effect your statutory rights.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before using your compressor it is in your own interest to read and pay attention to the following safety rules:

- ◆ **COMPRESSED AIR IS DANGEROUS** - Never direct a jet of air at people or animals.
- ◆ Do not operate your air compressor with any guards removed.
- ◆ Electrical or mechanical repairs should only be carried out by a qualified electrician/engineer. If you have a problem, contact your local dealer, or our Service Department on *020 8988 7400*
- ◆ Before attempting any repair ensure pressure is expelled from the air receiver and disconnect from electrical supply.
- ◆ Do not leave pressure in air receiver overnight or when transporting.
- ◆ Do not adjust or tamper with any safety valves. The maximum working pressure of the compressor is clearly stated on the machine.
- ◆ Exercise caution when transporting the machine to avoid tipping the machine over.
- ◆ Do not operate in a wet/damp environment.
- ◆ Locate your air compressor on a firm flat surface and ensure an adequate supply of clean air is available to the pump unit.
- ◆ Do not exert any strain on electrical cables and ensure that air hoses are not tangled or wrapped around machinery etc.
- ◆ The cylinder head and delivery pipes of your compressor become quite hot during operation. Do not touch. After switching off remember to leave an adequate cool-down period before touching.
- ◆ Ensure that any equipment/tool used in conjunction with your compressor has a safe working pressure exceeding the output pressure of the machine.
- ◆ When disconnecting air hoses or other equipment from your compressor ensure that the air supply is turned off at the machine outlet and expel all pressurised air from within the air hose and other equipment attached to it.
- ◆ If using your compressor for paint spraying:
 - a) Never spray close to any source of flame or heat.
 - b) Always ensure that the spraying area has adequate fresh air ventilation.
 - c) Hazardous paints require special apparatus (see paint manufacturers recommendations).
- ◆ Never let anyone operate the compressor unless they have had the necessary training.
- ◆ Permanently installed pipework systems should be designed and installed by a competent engineer.

NOISE LEVELS

These machines produce noise levels in excess of 70dB(A). Persons working in the vicinity of the machine must be provided with suitable ear protection.

INSTALLATION

Before installing your machine, check that its air output is sufficient for the equipment to be used. The air output from the compressor must be more than the volume of air required. We recommend the following:

1. **Firm and level site, and the use of floor mountings for stationary compressors - anti-vibration pads. (Do not bolt machines directly to the floor).**
2. Dust and damp free environment.
3. Adequate ventilation for:-
 - a) Air intake to compressor pump (in order to draw in clean air).
 - b) Cooling to compressor pump, and electric motor.
4. To allow sufficient access for servicing, a minimum clearance of 500mm must be allowed around the machine.
5. The power cable from the main supply must be large enough to carry the starting and running load of the electric motor. This is particularly relevant if the compressor is some distance from the source of supply.
6. Electrical installations should be completed by a qualified electrician.
7. Electrical connection to the mains supply must be via a suitably fused (see table below) approved plug or isolator (allowing sufficient capacity for motor starting). If using a circuit breaker, ensure it is motor rated and of sufficient size to allow for motor starting.
8. Compressors should be connected to mains electricity supply via an earth leakage protection device (RCD).

SUGGESTED FUSE RATINGS

MOTOR SIZE		SINGLE PHASE MOTOR D.O.L.	THREE PHASE MOTORS 415V	
KW	HP		D.O.L.	STAR DELTA
0.75	1.0	13 amp	10 amp	
1.1	1.5	13/15 amp	10 amp	
1.5	2.0	20 amp	10 amp	
1.9	2.5	20 amp		
2.2	3.0	30 amp	16 amp	
3.0	4.0	40 amp	20 amp	
4.0	5.5	50 amp	25 amp	
5.5	7.5		30 amp	
7.5	10.0			25 amp
11.0	15.0			30 amp
15.0	20.0			35 amp


ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

IMPORTANT - SINGLE PHASE MACHINES ONLY

The wires in the mains lead of this machine are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green and Yellow	-	Earth
Blue	-	Neutral
Brown	-	Live

As the colours of the wires in the lead of this appliance may not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows.

- The wire which is coloured green and yellow must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter E or by the earth Symbol () or coloured green or green and yellow.
- The wire which is coloured blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured black.
- The wire which is coloured brown must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured red.

WARNING: This machine must be earthed.

110V Model

Connect the mains lead to a suitable 110V (50Hz) electrical supply through an approved plug or a suitably fused isolator switch. If using a portable 110V transformer, make sure it has a rated capacity sufficient to take the load of the air compressor.

If in any doubt, consult a qualified electrician.

LUBRICATION

Pump: Use Clarke compressor oil, as indicated on machine plate.

BEFORE STARTING COMPRESSOR, CHECK:-

1. Compressor Pump Oil Level by - (a) Dipstick (to level marked)
or - (b) Sight glass (see fig.1)
2. (a) Automatic Control:- Pressure switch ON/OFF switch is in the OFF position

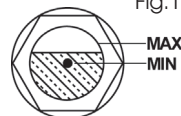


Fig.1

WARNING

1.Before starting compressor, open all outlet valves.

2.The following start and stop instructions must be followed in the correct sequence to avoid serious damage to the compressor/motor.

TO START COMPRESSOR

1. Switch on isolator (mains supply)
2. Switch on pressure switch (lift knob or twist switch). (Fig.2, item 22)
3. Check rotation (Flywheel/Fan blows air over pump)
4. Run compressor for 10 minutes with outlet valves open (first time of operation only).
5. Close valves and check that pressure does not exceed maximum working pressure (stamped on machine plate), if the pressure exceeds the maximum working pressure stated, stop the machine (see below), vent the system and contact the Carke Service Department.

TO STOP COMPRESSOR

1. Switch off at the pressure switch (Push knob down or turn switch). (Fig.2, item 22)
2. Isolate from the Mains Supply.
2. Drain air receiver (release drain tap).

WARNING:

Compressor pumps, delivery pipes will remain hot for some time after use.

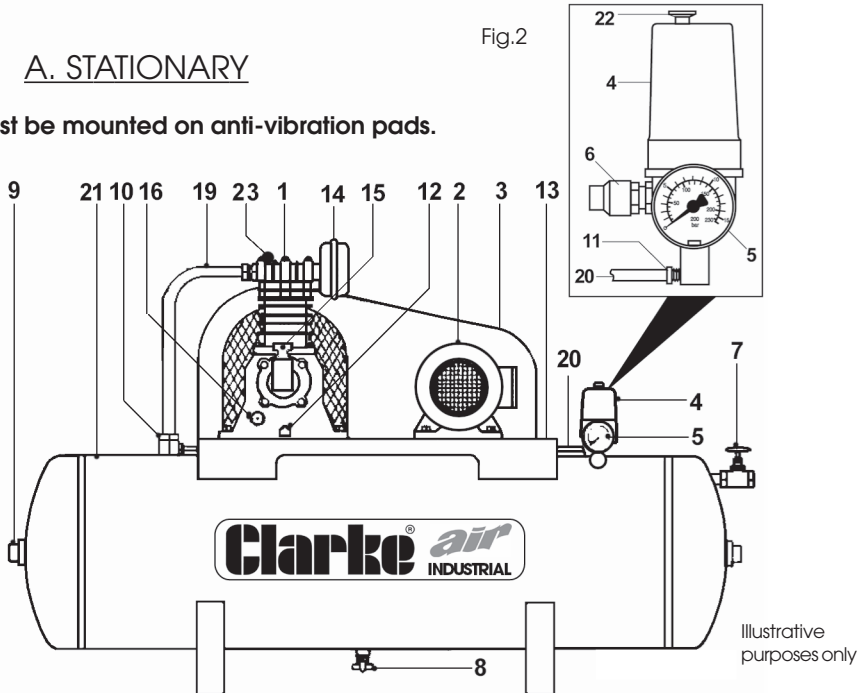
NOTE: When starting compressors up to and including the 3HP models, an auto bleed valve will operate and air will be heard vent. This is quite normal and should not cause concern. The valve should close after several seconds. Should it fail to close, consult your Clarke dealer.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

A. STATIONARY

NB: Must be mounted on anti-vibration pads.

Fig.2



1. Air Compressor Pump
2. Electric Motor
(or petrol/diesel engine)
3. Wire Guard
4. Pressure Switch
5. Pressure Gauge
6. Safety Valve
7. Ball Valve

8. Drain Tap
9. Inspection Plug
10. Non-Return Valve
11. Air Bleed Valve
12. Oil Drain Plug
13. Saddle
14. Air Intake Filter
15. Oil Filler/Breather

16. Oil Level Sight Glass
17. -
18. -
19. Air Delivery Pipe
20. Air Bleed Pipe
21. Air Receiver
22. On/Off switch
23. Auto Air Bleed

NOTES:

1. On automatic machines 10 H.P. & above a solenoid valve is fitted to the delivery pipe.
2. On automatic machines 10 H.P. & above, an Auto Star Delta (ASD) starter is fitted, ready to be mounted to a wall or panel etc. It is **IMPORTANT** to note that **NO ADJUSTMENTS** should be made to this component.
The ASD should be connected to a 3-phase supply by a qualified electrician.

OUTLET PRESSURE ADJUSTMENTS

PORTABLE COMPRESSORS

1. Pressure Adjusting Knob
2. Outlet Taps
3. Quick Fit Nuts
4. Pressure Gauge

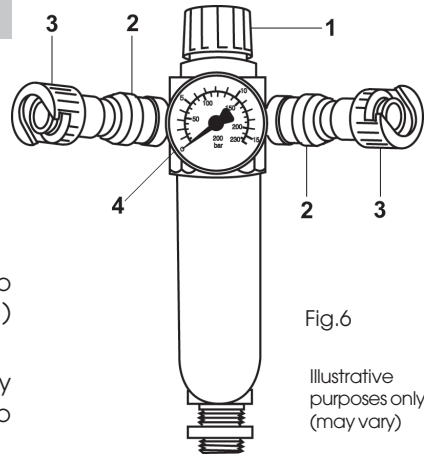


Fig.6

Illustrative purposes only (may vary)

To adjust outlet pressure:

To increase pressure - turn knob (1) clockwise. To decrease pressure - turn knob (1) anticlockwise.

Outlet taps - slide knurled section (2) away from body to open, push towards body to close.

NOTE: Pressure Gauge (4). Pressure shown will differ by approximately 1 bar depending on whether the outlets are open/closed.

STATIONARY COMPRESSORS

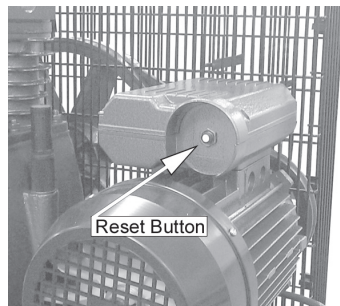
These machines are not supplied with the facility to adjust outlet pressure. A comprehensive range of airline accessories is available from your local CLARKE stockist.

OVERLOAD BUTTON

The electric motor is fitted with an automatic overload detector which will stop the motor if an overload is detected.

If this happens,

1. Switch off at the pressure switch (Push knob down or turn switch).
- Allow the compressor to cool down for 5-10 minutes.
2. Press the Reset button shown on the right.
3. Switch on pressure switch (lift knob or twist switch).



If the overload trips repeatedly, it may indicate a fault with the compressor, in this case you should contact the Clarke service department (see page 13).

OTHER PRODUCTS WITHIN OUR RANGE In addition to Air Compressors from 3-80 cfm, we offer a vast range of airtools and airline equipment. Please ask your local dealer for details of our range or a copy of our Power Products Catalogue

TROUBLE SHOOTING CHART

IMPORTANT!

1. Any remedial work that may be required must be carried out by a qualified electrician/engineer.
2. Disconnect from the mains supply before removing any parts from the compressor.
3. Empty Air Receiver of Air before dismantling any part of the compressor unit's pressure system.
4. If your compressor develops a fault do not use until the fault has been rectified.

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Compressor will not start automatically.	Fault in electrical installation. a) current supply failure. b) voltage drop. c) motor starter faulty. d) motor incorrectly connected or faulty. e) starter overload has tripped out. f) Pressure switch defective. g) Fuse blown.	Let an electrician check electrical installation. Reset by depressing button. Have pressure switch changed by an electrician. Check fuse rating - replace.
Fuses keep blowing.	Inadequate size fuse installed. Fault in motor.	Replace with reference to chart on page 4. Contact Clarke Service
Compressor unit starts, but stops again after only a few revolutions.	Non-return valve leaking (compressor unit is on load during start). Non-return valve blocked, possibly frozen up. Solenoid valve leaking or defective (only applies to 10 hp machines and above).	Disconnect from the mains supply and empty air receiver. Clean or replace non-return valve. Thaw non-return valve out (Unit must be installed in frost-free place). Contact Clarke Service Department

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Compressor unit will not stop automatically.	Pressure switch defective.	Contact Clarke Service Department
Bleed valve under pressure switch blows whilst compressor is not running.	Non-return valve leaking.	Clean non-return valve or replace.
Bleed valve under pressure switch blows whilst machine is running.	Relief valve leaking.	Clean relief valve or change pressure switch.
Compressor runs continuously and can't attain the working pressure required.	<p>Suction filter blocked. V-belt too slack (not applicable to direct drive machines).</p> <p>Leak between compressor block and air receiver/ leaks in or near air receiver.</p> <p>RPM too low because of incorrectly connected electric motor.</p> <p>Valves blocked by dirt, paint, dust or coked up.</p> <p>Inspection cover or plug leaking.</p> <p>Suction rendered difficult or impossible at suction intake or the air being taken in is too warm.</p> <p>Pressure gauge defective. Unit too small in relation to air consumption of connected equipment Compressor worn.</p>	<p>Change filter. Tighten V-Belt.</p> <p>Tighten connection and repair leak or contact Clarke Service Dept</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Empty air receiver and change seal or contact Clarke Service Dept.</p> <p>Ensure unobstructed air flow around the unit.</p> <p>Install a larger compressor</p> <p>Have compressor overhauled or replace it.</p>

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Unusual noise from compressor.	<p>Bolts loose.</p> <p>V-Belt flywheel or cooling coil touching belt guard</p> <p>Flywheel loose.</p> <p>Unit installed on an unsuitable base.</p> <p>Bearings, piston rings or cylinder worn.</p> <p>Valve broken.</p> <p>Bearings of electric motor worn.</p>	<p>Tighten Bolts.</p> <p>Find place of contact and remedy fault.</p> <p>Tighten flywheel.</p> <p>Move unit to a more solid base.</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department.</p>
Compressor becomes too hot.	<p>Insufficient ventilation</p> <p>Oil level too low (check 2 or 3 times after stopping).</p> <p>Wrong direction of rotation.</p> <p>Fault in valves (machine not stopping).</p> <p>Blown head gasket (machine not stopping).</p> <p>Dirt on cooling fins or suction filter.</p> <p>Unit working at too high a pressure</p> <p>Non-return valve partly blocked.</p> <p>Compressor being overworked and running continuously.</p>	<p>See that sufficient air is supplied to flywheel or fan of compressor and that hot air is properly vented.</p> <p>Fill with oil - see Page 6.</p> <p>Cooling air from flywheel fan must blow against compressor.</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department</p> <p>Clean cooling fins and suction filter.</p> <p>Contact Clarke Service Department.</p> <p>Clean or thaw out non-return valve.</p> <p>Use a larger compressor</p>

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Compressor unit starts and stops more frequently than usual.	Large amount of condensation in air receiver. Leaks in control unit or inspection cover. Too little pressure differential.	Drain off condensation AT LEAST once a week. Locate leaks (by means of soapy water) and repair. Contact Clarke Service Department
Compressor unit starts when no air is being used.	Leaks in pipework system	Locate and repair leaks.
Compressor's oil consumption rising.	Too much oil in compressor. Leaks around crank case. Working temperature of compressor too high because of insufficient cooling. Unit too small in proportion to air consumption. Semi-automatic unit Load too small. Cylinder worn. Intake air filter blocked.	Check oil level 2 or 3 minutes after stopping. Contact Clarke Service Department Increase ventilation to air compressor. Connect supplementary. Convert to fully automatic operation. Contact Clarke Service Department Clean / Change air filter.
Oil in the air delivered.	Sump over full. Cylinder worn. Intake air filter blocked.	Reduce oil to correct level. Contact Clarke Service Department Change air filter.
Condensation in crank case (especially in 2-stage compressors).	Compressor overdimensioned (operational periods too short in relation to resting periods).	a) Frequent oil changes. b) Reduce cooling of crank case (eg. by shielding it from air stream). c) Contact Clarke Service Department

SYMPTOM	PROBABLE CAUSES	REMEDY
Condensation at outlet points.	Piping installation incorrect. Compressor taking in air which is too warm. Delivery temperature of air from air receiver too high.	Consult your local dealer. Obtain better fresh-air supply for compressor. a) Use a larger air receiver. b) Contact Clarke Service Department.
Electric Motor too hot: maximum temperature 90 C (194 F).	Operational voltage too low. Faults in electrical installation Cooling fins of electric motor blocked by dirt.	Call an electrician. Contact Clarke Service Department Clean cooling fins.
Machine running but not pumping air into receiver (10 HP and above).	Air exhausting from solenoid after starter has changed from star to delta.	Check solenoid valve. Contact Clarke Service Department

Spare Parts and Service

For spare parts and service, please contact your nearest dealer, or Clarke International, on one of the following numbers.

PARTS & SERVICE TEL.: 020 8988 7400

PARTS & SERVICE FAX: 020 8558 3622

or e-mail as follows:

PARTS: parts@clarkeinternational.com

SERVICE: service@clarkeinternational.com

MAINTENANCE CHART

CHECK LIST	DAILY	WEEKLY	6 MONTHLY	NOTES
Oil Level	Check		Change	
Air Receiver	Drain			
Intake Filter		Check / Clean		Replace if necessary
Oil Breather		Check / Clean		
Fan and Cooling Fins		Clean		
Inlet and Outlet Valves				If worn contact Clarke Service Department
Non-return Valve		Clean	Replace if worn	
Belt Tension			Check / Adjust / Replace if worn	Does not apply to direct drive
Big End Bearings			Check	If worn contact Clarke Service Department
Main Bearings			Check	If worn contact Clarke Service Department
Piston Rings				If worn contact Clarke Service Department
Cylinder Head bolts		Check torque setting		(see below for values)

Torque values for cylinder head bolts

MODEL NUMBER	Torque Value (NM)
SE11C100, SEV11C100, VVE11A150, PEV11C50,	18 - 22
PEVH11C50, PE11C50, PEH11C50, PPV11ND50, PPVH11ND50	18 - 22
SE16C150, PE16C50, PEH16C50, SE19C200, SE26C200	28 - 32
SE25C200, SP27C150, VE25A150	41.2 - 43.2
SE18C200, VE18A150	41.2 - 43.2

Clarke[®]

INTERNATIONAL

This is an important document, and should be retained.



DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We declare that this product complies to the following standards/directives:

- **98/37/EC**
- **87/404/EEC**

Product Description: AIR COMPRESSOR

Model No: SE & VE Ranges
(Electric models only)

**Place and date
of Declaration:** Stockport, U.K.

Serial (Batch) No: See product Data Plate

Signed

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'D. J. [unclear]', written over a horizontal line.

Engineering Manager

Date: 16/3/2007

Clarke[®] INTERNATIONAL
Hemnal Street, Epping, Essex CM16 4LG

Clarke International is a trading style of Clarke International Limited

A SELECTION FROM THE VAST RANGE OF

Clarke®

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From DIY to industrial, Plus air tools, spray guns and accessories.

GENERATORS

Prime duty or emergency standby for business, home and leisure.

POWER WASHERS

Hot and cold, electric and engine driven - we have what you need

WELDERS

Mig, Arc, Tig and Spot.
From DIY to auto/industrial.

METALWORKING

Drills, grinders and saws for DIY and professional use.

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Saws, sanders, lathes, mortisers and dust extraction.

HYDRAULICS

Cranes, body repair kits, transmission jacks for all types of workshop use.

WATER PUMPS

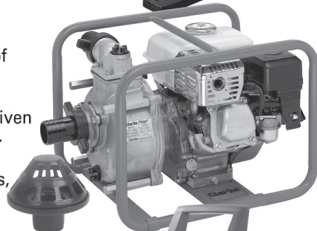
Submersible, electric and engine driven for DIY, agriculture and industry.

POWER TOOLS

Angle grinders, cordless drill sets, saws and sanders..

STARTERS/CHARGERS

All sizes for car and commercial use.



For spare parts and servicing, please contact your nearest dealer, or Clarke International on

020 8988 7400

e-mail: Parts@clarkeinternational.com e-mail: Service@clarkeinternational.com

Clarke INTERNATIONAL
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